8/0081/63/000/007/0510/0510

ACCESSION NR: AR3000550

SOURCE: RZh. Khimiya, Abs. 7p185

AUTHOR: Maslyanskiy, G. N.; Bursian, N. R.; Mel'nikova, N. P.;

Fedorov, A. P.; Podol'skiy, M. A.

TITLE: Production of aromatic hydrocarbons by catalytic reforming of Easoline fractions

CITED SOURCE: Novosti neft. 1 gaz. tekhn. Neftepererabotka 1 neftekhimiya, no. 7, 1962, 10-13

TOPIC TACS: Krasnodar and Kuybyshev gasolines; catalytic reforming; aromatic hydrocarbons

TRANSLATION: In a pilot-plant unit experiments were conducted on catalytic reforming, over the industrial Pt-catalyst AP-56, of the 60-105° and 105-140° narrow fractions of straight-run gasolines of

Card 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4

ACCESSION MR: AR3000550

the Krasnodar and Novokuybyshevsk refineries. The fractions of Krasnodar gasoline contained 1.5-1.7 times more naphthenic hydrocarbons and 1.5-2 times less S-compounds, than the analogous fractions of Knybyshev gasoline. On catalytic reforming of the 60-105° fraction of Knybyshev gasoline the yield of light aromatic hydrocarbons was 8.5%, as compared with 15% obtained as a result of processing of the analogous fraction of Krasnodar gasoline. The yield of high-boiling aromatic hydrocarbons from the above-stated fractions was found to be closely approximating, and amounted to about 20%. On catalytic reforming of the 105-160° fraction of either gasoline the yield of aromatic hydrocarbons C sub 8 amounted to 25-26%. -- A. N.

DATE ACQ: 21May63

ENCL: OU

UB CODE: 00

Card 2/2

MEL'NIKOVA, N.P.; FEDORCV, A.P.; KULFSHOVA, A.N.

Converting individual hydrocarbons in catalytic reforming. Khim. i tekh. topl. i masel 9 no.7:24-28 Jl '64.

(MIRA 17:12)

1. Krasnodarskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo neftegazovogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta.

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4" **APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001**

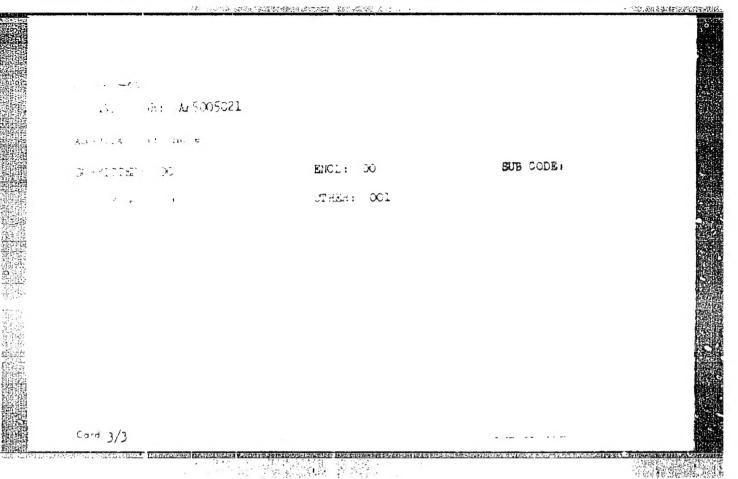
是日本有關權用的本文的行為

TATES CARTE BAL Ju. 40 : 4 ALLESSIA NEL APRIXISO21 AUTHORS: Mozhanskaya, A. F. (Engineer); Esterny, A. P., Engineery, Flantya, N. A. (Cardidate of tachnical sciences) TITLE: The use of optically active layers for the solution of plane elastic 5 3 plastic problems SOURCE: Sudostroyeniye, no. 1, 1965, 21-23 13 TOPIC TACS: deformation, structural element, optical coating, elastic property, epoxy resin, polarized luminescence/ ED 5 epoxy resin, EDL epoxy resin, EDP epoxy resin ABSTRACT: A method using the reflection of polarized light from an optically active layer firmly coated on an element is useful for studying deformations and stresses on the surface of structural elements. The stress in the member is carried ever to the coating and shows up as bands in the reflected polarized light. Coatings of pure epoxy resins ID-6 vare suitable for deformations up to 3% but break down above this. Epoxy resins EDP and EDL were studied to determine their suitability. Layers 0.5-2.0 mm thick were poured in all metal forms which were previously coated with insulating solution. The forms ware heated at 1200 and maintained at this Card 1/3

£ 29979-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5005021

temperature for 20-30 min in a vacuum desiccator (50-100 mm of Hg) after filling. They were then put in a standard desiccator for 2h hr at 900. Thoward by 12 hr at 1200. Maleic anhydride was used as a harden n. The montant all and art cal properties were determined by transparent translaceness as a weakful strate ing and also by operational tests. The EDP and EDD have a smaller scale as a elasticity of and a larger deformation value than ED-. To improve the reside, medicicators (high-molecular resins and monomeric plastificators) were added in weight of 10-100% of the basic resin. For each modificator a % addition exists for producing a maximum degree of relaxation. The relationship between the stress, ieffirmation, and optical properties of these coatings toward a simple or you main'y, and the resins can be used after preliminary communities. The second aration technology for EDP and EDL was doveloped, permitting this conting to be used for studying delormations up to Th (and, with a most that or the sequence of to 12%). Polyurethral rubber coatings are stable for large deformation, but a satisfactory glue for tightly binding the coating to the test member was not available. A glue was developed from epoxy resin ED-5 which firmly binds the rubber layer for deformations up to 30%. The aliphatic epery resir 200 was added to a standard epoxy cold-hardening glue, but served as a plastificator and increased the adhesive quality of the glue. An example of deformation studies using these materials is given. Orig. art. has: 1 table and 2 figures. Card 2/3



FEDOROV, A.P.; MEL'NIKOVA, N.P.

Calculation of the heat effect of catalytic reforming. Khim.i tekh.topl. i masel 10 no.1:27-29 Ja *65.

(MIRA 18:4)

1. Krasnodarskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo neftegazovogo nauchnoissledovatel¹skogo instituta.

L 12013-66 EWT(d)/FSS-2/EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EWP(w)/T/EWA(c) IJP(c) EM
ACC NR: AT6001412 SOURCE CODE: UR/3180/64/009/000/0249/0253

AUTHOR: Fedorov, A. P.

ORG: none

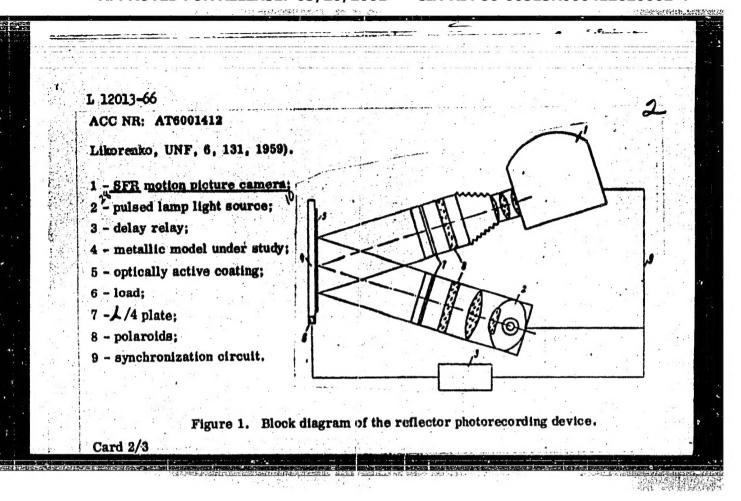
TITLE: The use of the SFR high-speed motion picture camera in the study of stress wave propagation in metallic models using the optically active coating method

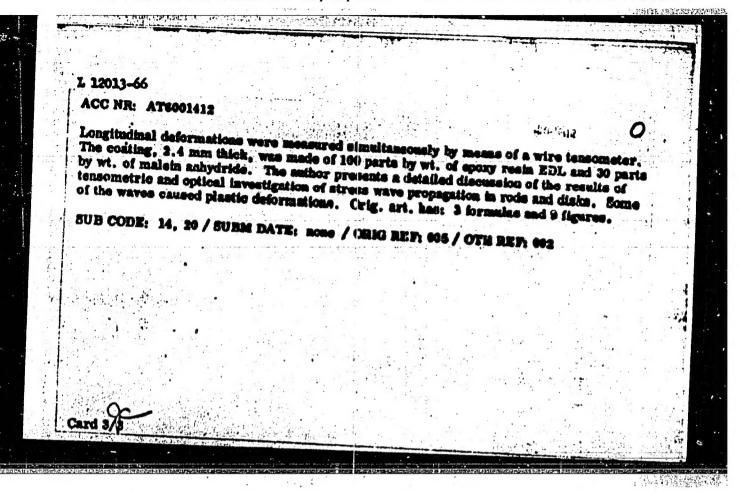
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Komissiya po nauchnoy fotografii i kinematografii. Uspekhi nauchnoy fotografii, v. 9, 1964. Vysokoskorostnaya fotografiya i kinematografiya (High-speed photography and cinematography), 249-253 and inserts facing pages 252 and 253 and the appropriate inserts following page 256

TOPIC TAGS: high speed photography, photoelasticity, stress analysis motion picture photography, motion picture camera/SFR motion picture camera

ABSTRACT: The development of dynamic <u>photoelasticity methods</u> aims at initiating direct studies of opaque or optically weakly active materials by means of optically active coating methods. The paper describes the equipment (see Fig. 1), methods, and results of the study of stress wave propagation in coated aluminum rods and models using the SFR high-speed photoregistering device (1,350,000 frames/sec) built by IKhF AN SSSR (V. B.

Card 1/3





ACC NR: AT7002107

(N)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/66/000/000/0212/0222

AUTHOR: Fedorov, A. P.

ORG: none

TITLE: Solution of clastoplastic problems by the method of optically active layers

SOURCE: Vsesoyuznaya konferentsiya po polyarizatsionno-opticheskomu metodu issledovaniya napryazheniy, 5th, Leningrad, 1964. Polyarizatsionno-opticheskiy metod issledovaniya napryazheniy (Polarizing-optical method of investigating stresses); trudy konferentsii. Leningrad, Izd-vo Leningr. univ., 1966, 212-222

TOPIC TAGS: tensile stress, dynamic stress, optic measurement, interference measurement

ABSTRACT: Stresses and strains were measured in 200 \times 1,000mm Al plates with lateral cutouts 30mm long and 2--4mm wide with end radii measuring 0.05 and 2.1mm for different samples by the photoelastic method. Three series of materials with different yield points (1,430, 1,570, and 1,840 kg/cm²) were subjected to tensile forces up to 0.7--0.8 of the yield strength. Optically active 1mm layer of epoxy resin was used and the observations were made with a V-type polariscope. It was established that these tensile forces gave rise to localized plastic deformation zones at the base of the cutouts which were surrounded by elastic deformations. The size and shape of the plastic zones depend on the magnitude of the end radii. A

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AT7002107

series of stress fringe patterns made it possible to study the general distribution of stresses and the character of elastoplastic deformations around the cutout region. The same method was used to study the stress wave propagating along 10 x 10mm Al bars 350mm long. The authors measured the stress wave velocity of propagation (5,300+2%m/sec) and the stress-optic coefficient of epoxy resin deformation subject to dynamic load which was approximately one half that of the corresponding static load. Orig. art. has: 9 figures.

SUB CODE: 13/ SUBM DATE: 14Jun66/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2

FEDOROV, A.P.

Use of a high-speed SFR motion-picture camera in studying the propagation of stress waves in metal models with the method of optically active coatings. Usp.nauch.fot. 9:249-253 *64. (MIRA 18:11)

L 16923-65 EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(j)/T Pc-4/Pr-4 RM/WE

ACCESSION NR: AP5002734

\$/0065/64/000/007/0024/0028

AUTHOR: Mel'nikova, N. P.; Fedorov, A. P.; Kuleshova, A. N.

TITLE: Conversion/of individual hydrocarbons in catalytic reforming

SOURCE: Khimiya i tekhnologiya topliv i masel, no. 7, 1964, 24-28

TOPIC TAGS: catalysis, hydrocarbon, dehydrogenation

ABSTRACT: The dependence of the conversion of naphthenic and other hydrocarbons on the temperature of the process, feed space velocity of the raw stock, and duration of operation of the catalyst was investigated in the process of catalytic reforming on an experimental semi-industrial reforming setup. The dehydrogenation of cyclohexane to benzene, and the dehydrogenation of methylcyclohexane to benzene, and the dehydrogenation of methylcyclohexane to toluene, as well as the conversion of normal paraffin hydrocarbons to impoparaffin hydrocarbons, were studied. It was found that during catalytic reforming of the 60-105°C fraction, a substantial amount of paraffin hydrocarbons of the iso-structure is formed, as a result of which the ratio of

Card 1/2

I. 16923-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5002734

iso- to normal paraffin hydrocarbons in narrow fractions of the catalyzates increases (in comparison with the initial fraction of the raw material). It was established that after 8000 hours of operation over an aluminum-platinum catalyst, its dehydrogenating ability with respect to six-membered naphthenic hydrocarbons decreased negligibly (by 3-4% rel.), while its ability to convert methylcyclopentane decreased sharply. The isomerizing ability of the taken of the large of also decreased substantially with increasing time of operation.

ASSOCIATION: KF VNII neft' (KF VNII petroleum)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 03

SUB CODE: GC, OC

THE STATE OF THE S

AC NEE COAH DOO

OTHER. XX

:pq;

Card 2/2

MEL'NIKOVA, N.P.; FEDOROV, A.P.; GARANIN, I.L.: PODOL'SKIY, M.A.: KULESHOVA, A.N.

Some regularities of the catalytic reforming process. Khim. i tekh. topl. i masel 9 no.3:7-ll Mr*64 (MIRA 17:7)

1. Krasnodarskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo neftegazovogo nauchno-issle-dovatel*skogo instituta.

GARBUZOV, Z.Ye.; IL'GISONIS, V.K.; MUTUSHEV, G.A.; NARET, G.B.;
PODBORSKIY, L.Ye., kand. tekhn. nauk; USPENSKIY, V.P.;
FEDOROV, A.P., inzh., retsenzent

[Continuous action earth-digging machines; designs ami calculations] Zemleroinye mashiny nepreryvnogo deistviia; konstruktsii i raschety. [By] Z.E.Garbuzov i dr. Moskva, Mashinostroenie, 1965. 274 p. (MIRA 18:7)

FEDOROV, A.S., kand, tekhn.nauk An outstending French scientist; 300th anniversary of the death of Blaise Pascal. Priroda 51 no.10187-90 0 '62. (MIRA 15:10) 1. Institut istorii yestestvosnaniya i tekhnili AN SSSR, Moskva. (Pascal, Blaise, 1623-1662)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4

USSK/Scientists

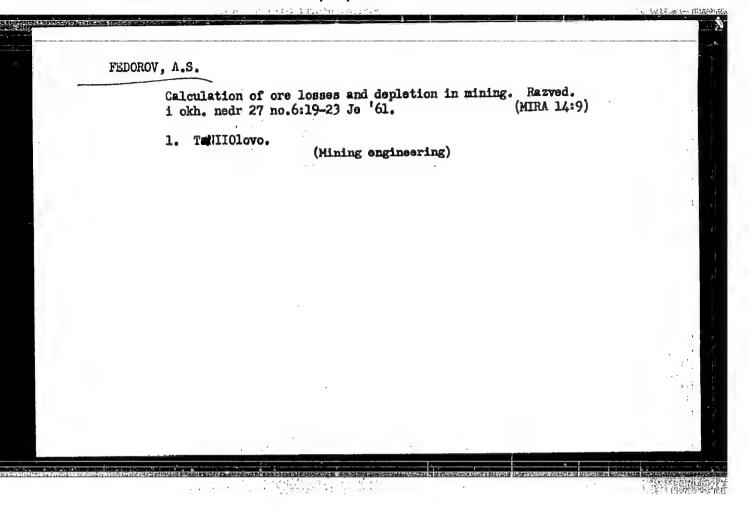
Card 1/1

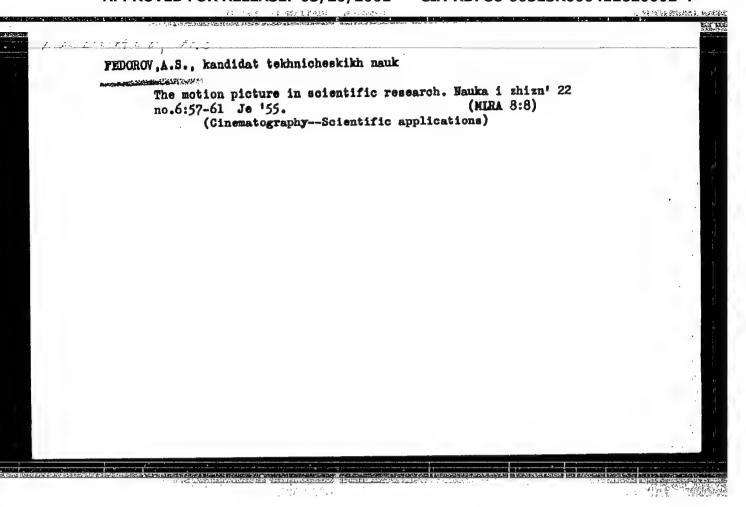
Author : Fedorov, A. S., Cand. in Tech. Sciences

Title : Pavel Milolaevich Yablochlov -- Commemorating the 60th anniversary of his death

Periodical : Nauka i Zhisn! 21/3, 37-38, Mar/1954

Abstract : Yablochkov (1847-1894) became an electrical engineer and contributed to the increase of knowledge about electricity. He took out a patent for an electric light in France in 1876. This was an arc lamp that did not need a mechanism to adjust the distance between the carbons.



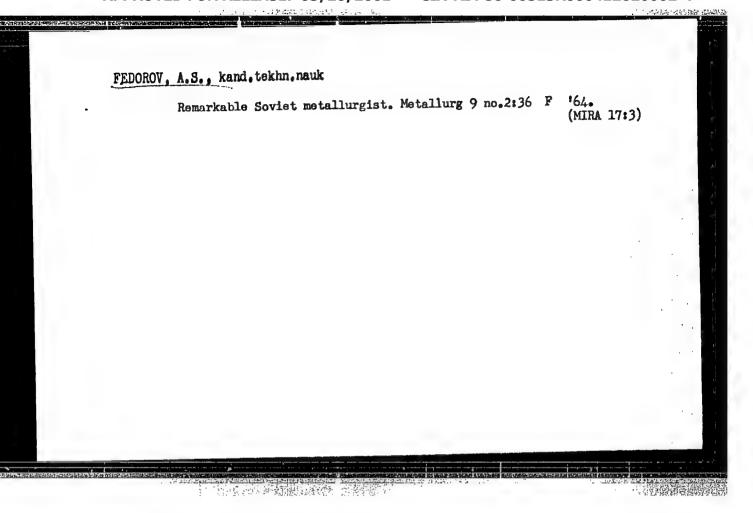


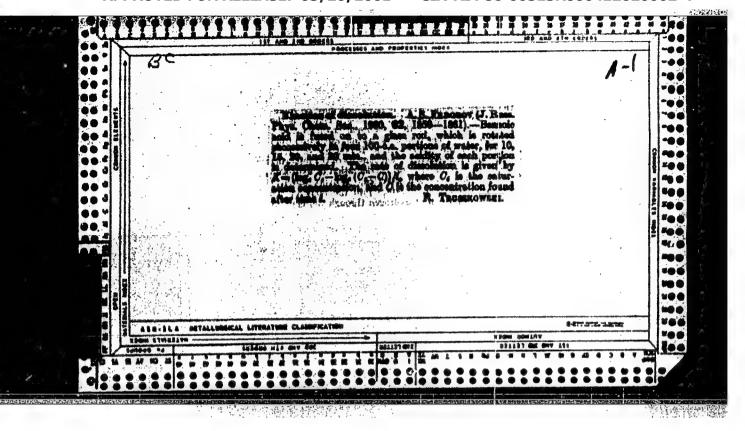
FEDOROV, A.S., student

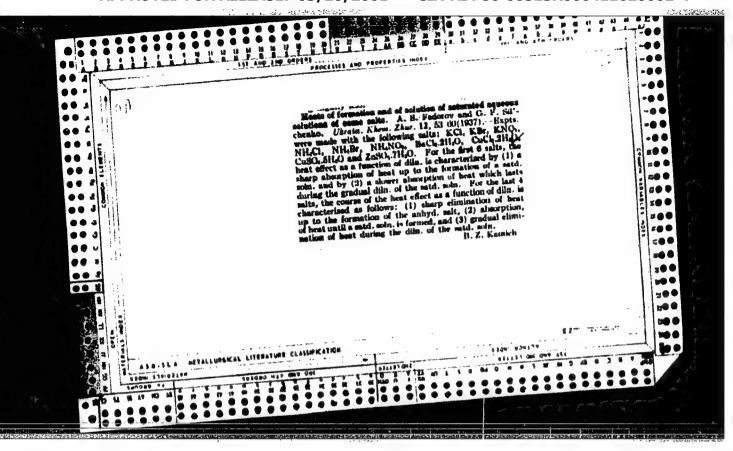
Applying the method of dynamic extrapolation to an experimental investigation on the stability of plates and coverings. Trudy LKI no.34:93-99 *61. (MIRA 15:8)

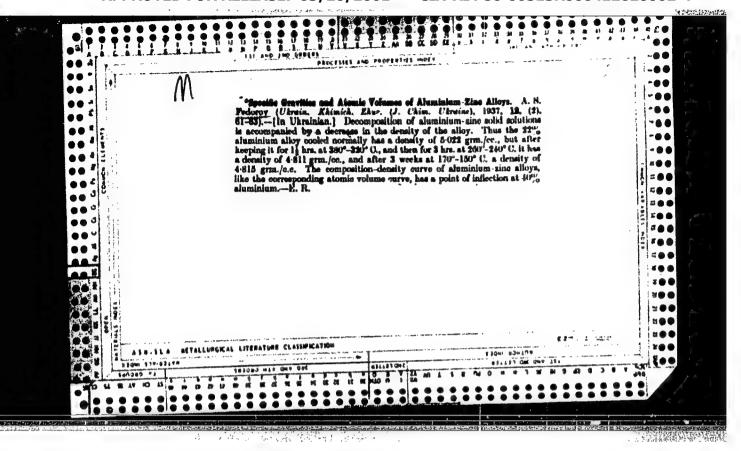
1. Korablestroitel'nyy fakul'tet Leningradskogo korablestroitel'nogo instituta. Predstavlena nauchnym rukovoditelem doktorom tekhn nauk prof. A.A.Kurdyumovym.

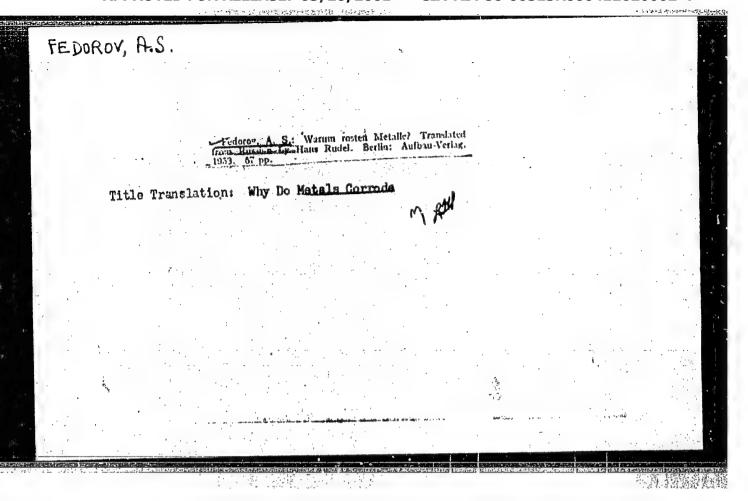
(Elastic plates and shells)











18(5)

507/25-59-6-8/49

AUTHOR:

Fedorov, A.S., Candidate of Technical Science

TITLE:

The Main Product of Industry. The Seven-Year Plan for Ferrous

Metallurgy.

PERIODICAL:

Nauka i zhizn', 1959, Nr 6, pp 9-15 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The author emphasizes the importance of cast iron and steel and points to the backwardness of Tsarist Russia in producing this material. He deals with some of the technological processes of casting steel, comparing the volumetric efficiency of the blast furnaces of the USSR with those in the USA. (0.77 against 1.0 in the USA). He speaks of the necessity of furnishing the blast furnaces with raw material of high quality, primarily iron ore, the recovery of which during the Seven-Year Plan will double. Concluding, he mentions the new plants which have been and are being built in west and east Siberia, Azerbaydzhan, Gruzinskaya, Kazakhstanskaya, Uzbekskaya and other Soviet republics. At the 21st Party Congress, Khrushchev stated that during the 7-Year Plan more will be invosted in ferrous and non-ferrous metallurgy than

Card 1/3

307/25-59-6-8/49

The Main Product of Industry. The Seven-Year Plan for Ferrous Metallurgy.

during the past 30 years. For the expansion and reconstruction of existing enterprises, 67% of the capital investments will be used for the ferrous industry and 60% for the nonferrous. The Magnitogorskiy kombinat (Magnitogorsk Combine) alone will increase its output of rolled iron from 5.2 to 8.5 million tons yearly towards the end of the 7-Year Plan. Great attention will also be given to the building of new metallurgical enterprises. First of all it is intended to exploit the extensive ore deposits in the eastern districts of the country. Here the third metallurgical base of the USSR will be erected. Near Karaganda a large metallurgical plant is being built which will produce several million tons of cast iron per year. In the south of the Kuznetsk Basin the building of the Zapadno-Sibirskiy metallurgicheskiy zavod (West Siberian Metallurgical Plant) is proceeding and will ensure a quick growth of the machine building industry of Siberia. In the next few years the Tayshetskiy zavod (Tayshet Plant), one of the largest metallurgical enterprises of the country, will start operating along with other plants.

Card 2/3

SOV/25-59-6-8/49

The Main Product of Industry. The Seven-Year Plan for Ferrous Metallurgy

This third metallurgical base will be able to produce 15 to 20 million tons of cast iron. The increase in cast iron smelting during the 7-Year Plan will amount to 3.6 to 4.4 million tons, and that of steel - 4.4 to 5.1 million tons on the average per year. Speaking of the 2nd coal-metallurgical base in the east, the author mentions the Novo-Lipetskiy and Novotul'skiy plants in the center, and the Zaporozhstal' and Azovstal' plants in the south. In regard to the technological processes, he states that the set-up for the uninterrupted casting of steel has recommended itself, and is being successfully carried out at the "Krasneye Sormovo", the Novotul'skiy, and other plants. There are 8 diagrams, and 2 Soviet references.

Card 3/3

8/029/60/000/05/01/024 B008/B017

AUTHOR:

Fedorov, A.S., Candidate of Technical Sciences

TITLE:

The Second Life of the Converter

PERIODICAL: Tekhnika molodeshi, 1960, No. 5, pp. 1-3

TEXT: In this article a report is given on air refining. At the Kuznetskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat (Kuznetsk Metallurgical Kombinat) a converter hall and a big oxygen plant will be constructed. By this measure the steel production of the factory will be increased in the coming seven years by 48% instead of by 17% as had originally been planned. The building costs for this workshop amount to about one-third of the costs for an open-hearth plant, and building work can be completed within a shorter period. Modern converters differ from conventional types only by their dimensions and by more perfect auxiliary devices. The operation of a converter and the metallurgical processes in air refining are described. The air refining process which had its greatest success at the end of the last century could no longer meet the requirements of modern engineering. The reason was that the working process could not be

Card 1/2

The Second Life of the Converter

S/029/60/000/05/01/024 B008/B017

controlled and that steels of exactly prescribed chemical composition could not be produced. The old method was reintroduced with the application of oxygen. In 1933 the Soviet engineer Nikolay Illarionovich Kozgovoy made for the first time experiments by treating directly the molten mass of pig iron with pure oxygen. Engineer V.V. Arkhipov of the "Krasnoye Sormovo" works in Gor'kiy and Professor Vadim Vsevolodovich Kondakov of the Kuznetsk Metallurgical Kombinat made an important contribution to the development of this method. Due to the oxygen treatment the nitrogen content of steel is 0.005%. The quality of such a steel is equal to openhearth steel and to steel obtained by the electric melting process. By applying oxygen blast the design of the converter could be simplified, and its costs reduced. Converters with oxygen blast operate successfully in numerous Soviet and foreign works. The oxygen blast has been used for three years in the Bessemer department of the metallurgicheskiy zavod imeni Petrovskogo (Metallurgical Works imeni Petrovskiy) in Dnepropetrovsk, Nikita Sergeyevich Khrushchev mentioned some of these facts in a report. There are 4 figures,

Card 2/2

\$/080/60/033/005/008/008

AUTHORS:

Kuz'minskiy, A.S., Gol'dfarb, Ya.L., Fedorov, B.P., Zenchenko, A.I., Kogerman, A.P., Gorushkina, G.I., Angert, L.G.

TITLE:

The Synthesis of Some Thiophene Derivatives and the Study of Their Behavior as Rubber Ingredients (Accelerants and Anti-oxidants). Communication 2.

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal prikladnov khimii, 1960, Vol 33, No 5, pp 1182 - 1187

TEXT: Some azomethines of the thiophene series are accelerants of the vulcanization process [Ref 1], some of them being also antiseptics [Ref 2] which is important for the cable industry. The most suitable azomethines are those containing hydroxyl groups. Other substances of this type were synthesized, therefore, which differed only in the position of the hydroxyl groups. The following substances were synthesized: bis-[2-thenylidene]-hydrazine, bis-[5-methyl-2-thenylidene]-hydrazine, bis-[2-thenylidene]-hydrazine, bis-[2-

8/080/60/033/005/008/008

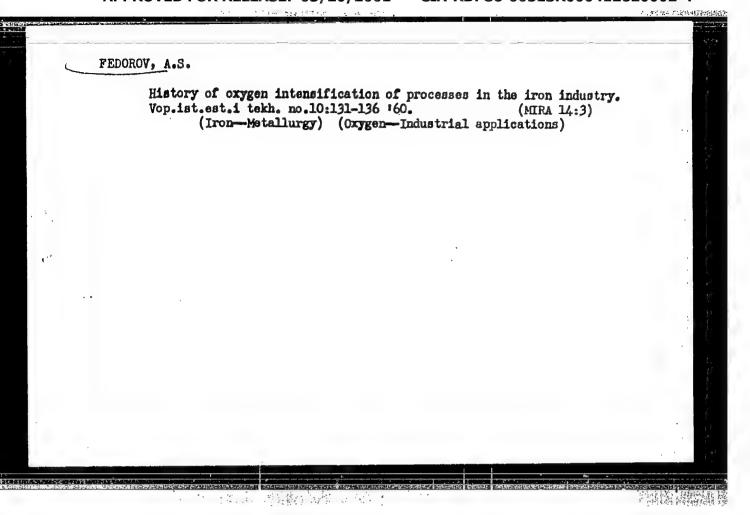
The Synthesis of Some Thiophene Derivatives and the Study of Their Behavior as Rubber Ingredients (Accelerants and Antioxidants). Communication 2.

amino-2-mercaptobenzothiazole and 6-amino-2-mercaptobenzothiazole are accelerants, but their efficiency is less than that of mercaptobenzothiazole. It was evident that the hydroxyl group positively affects the accelerating action of the compounds, if it is located in the para-state of the benzene ring. The introduction of molecules of mercaptobenzothiazole of the aminogroup into the benzene ring decreases the efficiency of the compound. A further complication of the molecule decreases the efficiency still more. The cause of these phenomena is not known at the present time. The principal role in the accelerating action of the compounds considered is played by the hydroxyl group.

There are 4 tables and 5 references: 2 Soviet, 2 English and 1 German.

SUBMITTED: August 20, 1959

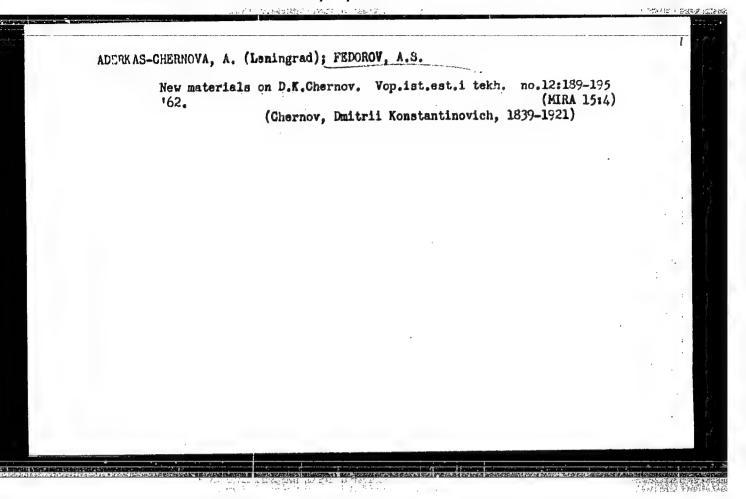
Card 2/2



STOSKOVA, Mina Nikolayevna; FEDOROV, A.S., otv. red.; RUDNEVA, I.I., red. 1zd-va; FOLENOVA, T.P., tekhm. red.

[First metallurgical plants in Russia]Fervye metallurgicheskie savody Rossii. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR, 1962. 104 p. (MIRA 16:1)

(Iron and steel plants)



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4

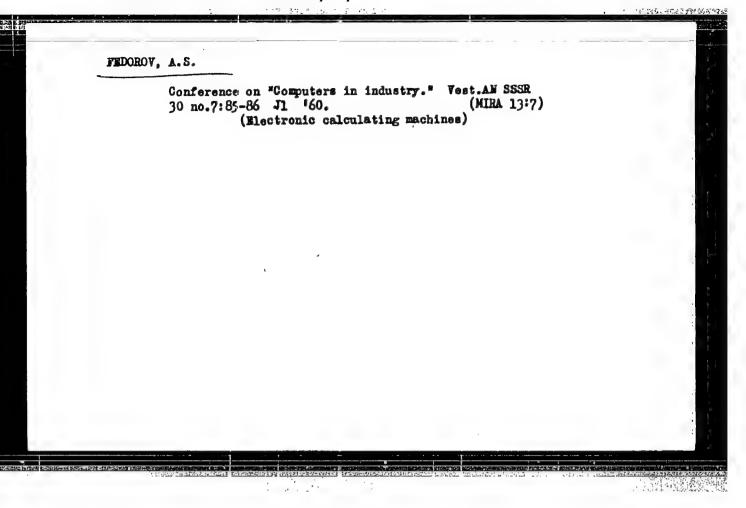
"Magnetic Operative Memory Device" a paper presented at the 'anference on Methods of Development of Soviet Mathematical Machine-Building and Instrument-Building, 12-17 March 1956.

Translation Nol 596, 8 Oct 56

SICHEVA, M. P. and FEDOROV, A. S.

"Ferrite Storage for the HESM Computer" 1957

publ. by Inst. Exact Machanics and Computing Techniques, Acad. Sci. USSR



MERKULOV, Nikolay Ivanovich; PAVLIKOV, Arkadiy Alekseyevich; FEDOROV,

Aleksey Sergeyevich; LEBEDEV, S.A., akademik, red.; SOLOV'YEVA,

L.A., red.; MURASHOVA, N.Ya., tekhn. red.

[BESM electronic digital computer] Elektrennaia tsifrovaia vychislitel naia mashina BESM. Pod obshchei red. S.A. Lebedeva.
Moskva, Fi:matgiz. Vol.3. [Memory systems of the BESM-2 computer]
Zapominaiushchie ustroistva BESM-2. [By] N.I. Merkulov i dr. 1962.
286 p. (MIRA 16:3)
(Electronic digital computers—Memory systems)

ACCESSION NR: AT3012134

8/2967/63/000/000/0179/0187

AUTHOR: Fedorov, A. S.

TITLE: Operational memory device with ferrite cores for universal computing machines

SOURCE: Voprosy* vy*chislitel'noy matematiki i vy*chislitel'noy takhniki. Moscow, 1963, 179-187

TOPIC TAGS: memory device, ferrite core, memory element, magnetic switch, coordinate transformer, residual induction .

ABSTRACT: A memory device has been described with two ferrite cores in each memory element. This enables one to make a load for each magnetic switch (coordinate transformer), independent of the recorded code and to obtain "1" and "0" signal readouts with opposite polarities. The type VT-1 ferrite cores used have 1.3-mm internal diameter, 2.03-mm external diameter and residual induction B_r = 2300 to 2500 gauss. As coordinate transformers, ferrite cores of K-28 magnetic material are used with 2-mm inside and 3-mm outside diameters and residual induction B_r =

Card 1/3

ACCESSION NR: AT3012134

2600 to 2800 gauss. A detailed listing for the optimum operating range of the coordinate transformer and the numerical scale is given. The memory device assembly has a prefabricated memory block with 128-bit capacity, each bit not more than 18 binary digits. The assembly has two parts, a memory component with a numeric scale (the memory core) and a coordinate component with a coordinate transformer (reference grid). The details of each component are discussed and the output and input winding characteristics listed. The time diagram of the working current is given in Fig. 1 on the Enclosure. Orig. art. has: 9 figures.

ASSOCIATION: none

Submitted: 00

DATE ACQ: 220ct63

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: CP

MO REF SOV: COO

OTHER: COO

Card 2/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4"

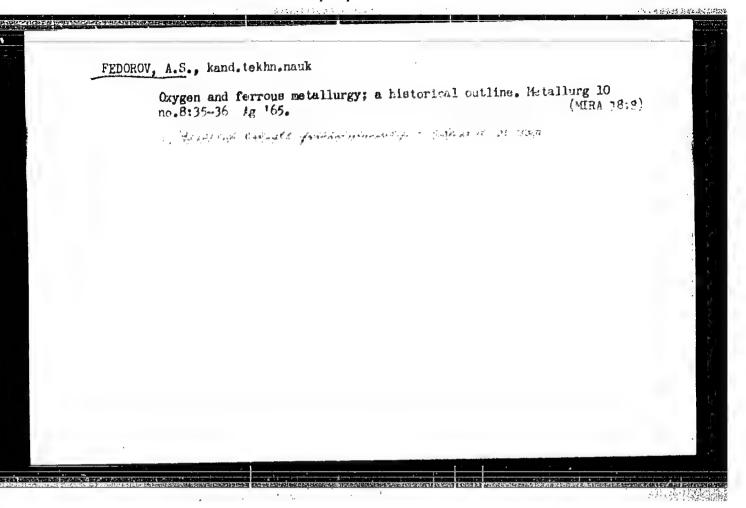
KUROCHKIN, G.D., kand. geol.-mineral. nauk (Moskva); DEMENT'YEV, G.P.,
doktor biolog. nauk (Moskva); PETROV, Yu.A., kand. filosof. nauk;
FEKOROV, A.S. (Moskva); ILI'II, Ye.I. (Moskva); GALYUK, V.A. (Moskva);
NÖVIK, I.B. (Moskva); SHUTSKIY, M.S. (Moskva); SHAFRANOVSKIY, I.I.,
prof.; FRANK-KAMENETSKIY, V.A., prof.;

Book reviews. Priroda 54 no.9:60, 103, 111-116 S '65.

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy umiversitet (for Petrov).
2. Leningradskiy gornyy institut im. Plekhanova (for Shafranovskiy).
3. Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (for Frank-Kamenetskiy);

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4



1. 12016-66 ETT(m)/EFP(w)/T/FFT(t)/ETI IJP(c SOURCE CODE: UR/0137/65/000/012/1056/1057 ACC NR: AR6009966 AUTHOR: Bykov, V. A.; Fedorov, A. S. TITLE: Cyclic strength of structural alloys with limited life SOURCE: Ref. zh. Metallurgiya, Abs. 121424 REF SOURCE: Tr. Leningr. korablestroit. in-ta, vyp. 46, 1964, 87-91 TOPIC TAGS: A ship plate steel, cyclic strength, fatigue test, material fracture / 3 ship plate steel, SKhL-4 ship plate steel ABSTRACT: Ship-plate steels 3 and SKhL-4 are investigated. For a life of <104 cycles for 3 steel and 2.103 cycles for the investigated alloy fatigue breakdown sets in the presence of stresses exceeding og. In case of limited life and plastic deformation, stress concentrators in the form of grooves and apertures do not reduce cyclic strength, although fatigue cracks arise in the region of stress concentration. Under these conditions, contact stresses do not adversely affect cyclic strength; smooth specimens fracture outside the clamped area. Plasticfatigue cracks in specimens appear at an early test stage. The accumulation of fatigue-induced defects in the material is chiefly determined by the patterns of the process of the development of fatigue cracks. Authors' summary. [Translation of abstract] SUB CODE: 13, 11 UDC: 669.14.018.29 Card 1/1 af

BRYUM, Abran Isayevich, inzh.; VOHOHOV, Petr Andreyevich, dotsent, kand.
tekhn.nauk [deceased]; GINSBAHG, Ruvin Izrailevich, kand.tekhn.nauk;
KUTEYNIKOV, Aleksandr Nikolayevich, inzh.; FHIOROV, Aleksandr
Timofeyevich, prof. [deceased]; SHAPOVALOV, Petr Borisovich, inzh.;
SHIKHIYEV, FUER Maksimovich, dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; YAVLENSKIY,
S.D., retsenzent; KRUGLENKO, H.K., retsenzent; MATLIN, G.M., kand.
tekhn.nauk, red.; KSEHOFONTOVA, Ye.P., red.izd-va; TIKHONOVA, Ye.A.,
tekhn.red.

[Sea ports and harbor facilities] Morskie porty i portovye sooruzheniia. Moskva, Izd-vo "Morskoi transport," 1959. 519 p. (MIRA 12:12)

(Harbors)

SOV/124-58-1-510

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 1, p 63 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Fedorov, A. V.

TITLE:

Contribution to a Novel Design of a Flapping-wing Propulsor (K

voprosu o novoy konstruktsii kryl'chatogo dvizhitelya)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Gor'kovsk. politekhn. in-ta, 1956, Vol 12, Nr 3, pp 10-21

ABSTRACT:

A description of the equipment used in the model investigation of a flapping-wing propulsor. The author indicates the possibility of the development of a sufficiently simple and dependable pitch-control arrangement for the propulsor utilizing a cam mechanism which affords an increase in efficiency up to 0.72 and a reduction in weight, over-all dimensions, and cavitation. It is proposed that the propulsor be controlled by means of a change in orientation of the cam.

G. I. Maykapar

Card 1/1

Promyshlennyy Transport. Pod red. A.S. Gel'mana

1 A.V. Federov. Moskva, Gosstroyizdat, 1960.

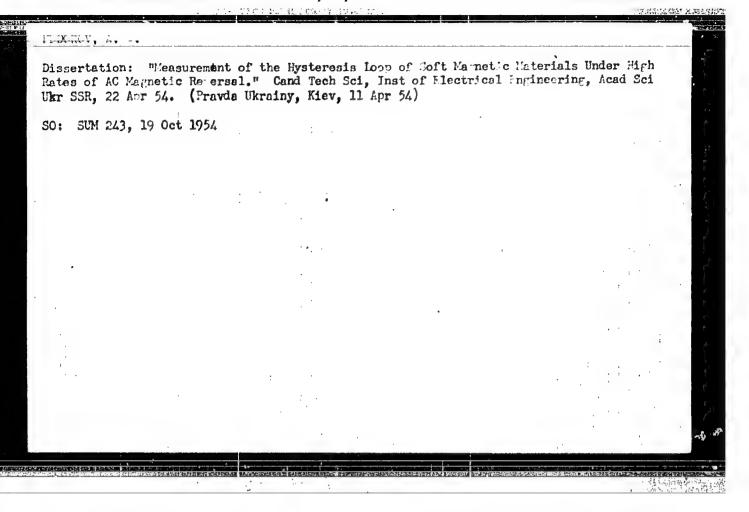
131 p. illus., diagrs., graphs, maps, tables
(Spravochnik Proyektirovshchika Promyshlennykh,
Zhilykhi Orashdanskikh Zdaniy i Soorusheniy)
At head ot title: Glavetroyproyekt pri Gosstroye
SSSR, and Gosudarstvennyy Proyektnyy Institut po.
Proyektirovaniyu Promyshlennogo Transporta (Promtransproyekt)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4

FEDORO	ov, A.V.		
USSR/Engir	neering - Measuring instruments		
Card 1/1	Pub. 128 - 5/26		7.5
Authors	Pavlenko, A. V., and Fedorov,		
Title	Measuring the thickness of the l their lubrication with water	where ubricating layer of plastic bearing	s during
Periodical	: Vest. mash, 2, 28-29, Feb 1954		
Abstract	i A general description is present measuring the thickness of nonn ponents, and to measure the thic the shaft journal and the bearing	Agnetic coatings on ferromagnetic	
Institution			
Submitted	• • • • • • • •		Å.
	Comparison and the comparison of the comparison	rener tienes produk prozek Pennyakalahan m inakina menganakan	

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4



STEPANOV, Yuriy Grigor'yevich; FEDOROV, A.V., red.; FURASHOVA,
l.A., tekhn. red.

[Electronic countermeasures] Maskirovka ot radioelektronnogo nabliudeniia. Moskva, Veenizdat, 1963. 48 p.

(MIRA 17:1)

(Radar) (Military electronics)

SHMUGIYAKOV, L.S., doktor tekhn.nauk, prof.; FEDOROV, A.V., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent

Investigating cavitation in hydraulic machines by means of the ohmic method. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; mashinostr. no.11:62-75 '61.

(KIRa 14:12)

1. Khar'kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut im. V.I.Lenina.

(Hydraulic machinery--Testing) (Cavitation)

FEDOROV, Andrey Venediktovich for Doc Philol Sci on the basis of dissertation defended 9 Apr 59 in Council of Len Order of Lenin State Univ im Zhdanov, entitled to "Introduction to the theory of translation and liquistic problems."

(BMViSSO USSR, 1.61, 29)

-313-

TYUL'PANOV, S.I., prof., red.; FEDOROV, A.V., prof., red.; DAKHIYA, Ya.M., dots., red.; GAUBIKH, B.V., dots., red.; KLIMUSHEV, V Ya., dots., red.; BOYARSKIY, V.A., red.; ZIMINA, M.V., red. izd-va; VORONINA, R.K., tekhn, red.

[The Communist Party as the inspirer and organizer of narionwide socialist competition in the U.S.S.R.] Kommunisticheskaia partiia-vdokhnovitel i organizator vsenarodnogo sotsialisticheskogo sorevnovaniia v SSSR. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo "Vysshaia shkola," 1961. 565 p. (MIRA 14:7)

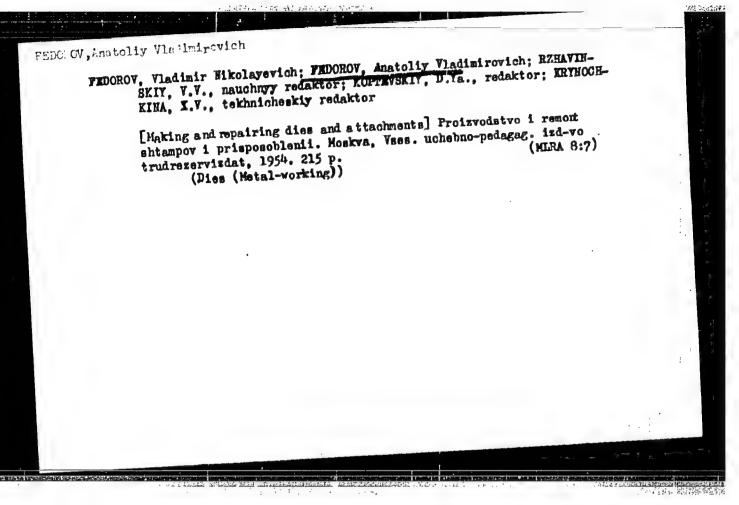
1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Upravleniye prepodavaniya obshchestvennykh nauk.

(Socialist competition)

PEDOROV, A.V., inshener. Drop forging without projecting edges. (In: Ryshkov, D.A., ed. Ekonomia metallov v kusnechno-shtampovochnom proisvodstve. Moskva, 1953, p.151-157) (Forging) (Funching machinery)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4



PEDOROV. Anatoliy Vladimirovich; FEDOROV, Vladimir Bikolayevich;
ROGACHEV, F.V., redaktor; OSTRIROV, B.S., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[The manufacture and repair of dies and equipment] Isgotovlenie i remont shtampov i prisposoblenii. Isd. 3-e, ispr. i dop. Moskva. Vses. uchebno-pedagog. isd-vo Trudreservisdat, 1956. 262 p. (Dies (Metal-working)) (MIRA 10:3)

PEDOROV. Anatoliv. Vladiminovich: FEDOROV, Vladimir Nikolaysvich; DROZDOV,
A.A., nauchnyy red.; BASHKOVICH, A.L., red.; TOKER, A.M., tekhn.red.

[Manufacture and repair of dies and devices] Isgotovlenie i remont shtampov i prisposoblenii. Isd.4., ispr. i dop. Moskva, Vses. uchebno-pedagog.izd-vo Trudrezervizdat, 1959. 270 p. (MIRA 12:12) (Dies (Metalworking))

\$/194/62/000/012/028/101 D201/D308

AUTHORS:

Zelinskiy, V. M., Rukman, G. L. and Fedorov, A. V.

TITLE:

A telecontrol system for deep pumps

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Avtomitika i radioelektronika, no. 12, 1962, 65, abstract 12-2-130 ye (Tr. Ukr. n.-1. in-ta organiz. i mekhaniz. shakhtn. str-va, no. 13, 1962, 107-118)

TEXT: A description of telecontrol (TC) system of deep pumps of the water drainage system of the pits of the Yakovlev iron ore deposits. The TC is based on ste-by-step selectors (SS) and uses a single 2-wire communication line. TC makes it possible for the dispatcher to choose the output point (OP) and to remotely control the pump motors and also to measure the water level, pump output and motor loads. The dispatch control desk, designed for transmitting five commands to any of the 99 OP, has a signal coder in the form of a telephone disc number selector, 3 blocs of SS, duplicated for self-checking of the SS operations at the control OP arrangements,

Card 1/3

A telecontrol system ...

S/194/62/000/012/028/101. D201/D308

a set of relays, a signalling light panel, level meter, output meter, ammeter, ring-off button and a selenium rectifier. The pit control apparatus consists of three SS units, a set of relays and a selenium rectifier operated from the pump power supply circuit. By dialling a two-digit number of the OP two groups of pulses are transmitted along the line. When the first group is received, the SS of the 1st decade at all OP are shifted by the number of steps equal to that of received pulses and as the result the set is made ready to receive the SS pulses of the 2nd decade at all 10 control devices, while the receiving circuit for the 1st decade is opened. After the second group has been received by the control device, the number of which was called, the SS decoder circuit is made ready and connects the command execution circuits for the reception of the third group which carries the command made. Executive circuits in all other control devices remain disconnected. The type of pressure transducer to be chosen is discussed. A short description of the level meter developed for the purpose is given. The level meter is based on the action of a membrane, the motion of which changes the value of inductance in the arm of the bridge cir-Card 2/3

A telecontrol system ...

8/194/62/000/012/028/101 D201/D308

cuit. A short description of a tachometer-type output meter with rotating vane is also given. The parameters of transducers make it possible to transmit the indications to distances of the order of 10 km, with a microammeter as a secondary indicator. In an experimental set-up the load transducer was in the form of an interstage transformer, connected in the feeder current circuit of the pump meter. Calibrated curves of transducers are given. Experimental analysis of a 2-point telemetering system proved that the system, apparatus and transducers can operate satisfactorily.

Abstracter's note: Complete translation.

Card 3/3

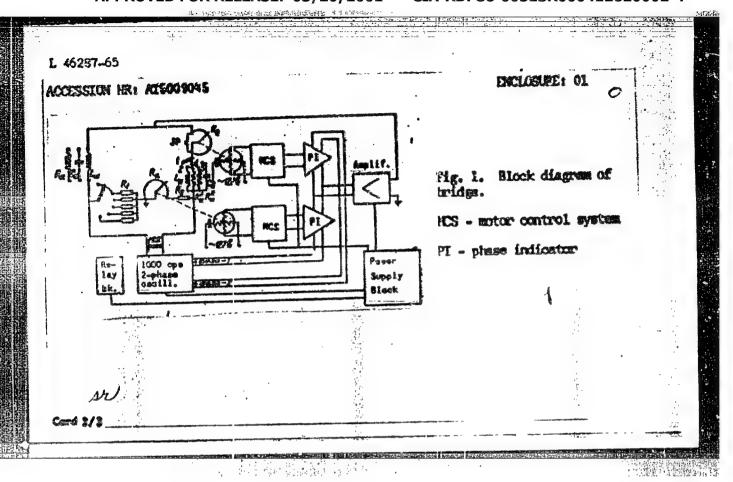
L 46287-65 8/0000/64/001/000/0061/0068 AT5009045 ACCESSION NR: AUTHOR: Rezenkrants, A. S. (Ivanovo); Fedorov, A. V. (Ivanovo) TITLE: Automatic universal multi-range ac bridge for the measurement of impederices gramme: Konferentsiya po avtomaticheskomu kontrolyu i metodam elektricheskikh 31, Novosibirsk, 1961. Avtomaticheskiy kontrol i metody a aktriches. i sinter sistem upravleriya i kontrolya. Elementy ustroys v avtomati neskogo konto lyn (Automatic control and electrical measuring techniques, transactions of the conference, v. 1: Electrical measuring techniques. Analysis and synthesis of reguiation and control systems. Elements of automatic control devices: Novosibirak, redizdat Sib. otd. AN SESR, 1964, 61-68 TOPIC TAGS: ac bridge, impedance meter, universal bridge, multirange bridge ADSTRACT: The main feature of the described bridge is that a single arm-ratio scale can be used for all measurement ranges, and that the switching from one range to another is automatic. This makes the bridge useful for continuous moni-Card 1/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4

	Section 1			
	·			
40287-65				
CCESSION NR: AT5009045			I	
the 10 h (s.t. Q	o. 165-30 at 1000 cps	stem, the autor	retional of the common of the	Į.
the automatic balan	cing syste, the control systemistor, and the tower en	prid trig at	→. has: 4	
the automatic balan the 100 myole os Figures and 5 formulas.	icing syste, the control system is scillator, and the tower en	Trig at	→. has: 4	
the automatic balan	ecing syste, the control system is cillator, and the tower en	SUB CODE:	EE, IE	
the automatic halan the 100 type e na regures and 5 formulas. ASSOCIATION: None	ciliator, and the town: ""	∑J		
Che automatic halan The 100 Type e na Highires and 5 formulas. ASSOCIATION: None	ENCL: 01	∑J		

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4



BOCOSLOVSKIY, Aleksey Sergeyevich, kand. tekhn. nauk; FEDOROV,
A.V., red.

[Power semiconductor rectifiers] Silavye poluprovednikovye
vypriamiteli. Moskva, Voenizdat, 1965. 207 p.

(MIRA 18:12)

LEBEDINSKIY, Yu.P. [Labedyns'kyi, IU.P.]; FEDOROV, A.V.

Utilisation of the bagasse drying equipment of sugar factories during the interseason period for the production of grass neal.

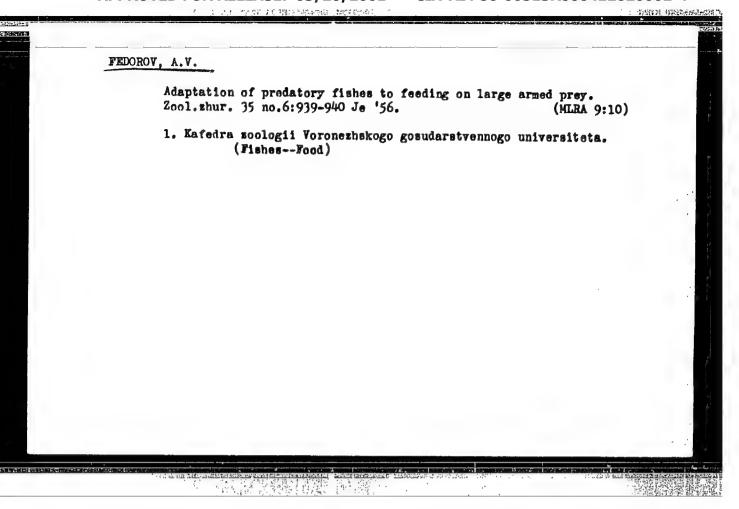
Khar. prom. no.4183-86 O-D *65. (MIRA 18:12)

FEDOROV, A. V.

"Food for Carnivorous Fish of the Upper Don Basin in Relation to Their Prospective Utilization in the Fish Economy." Cand Biol Sci, Voronezh State U, Voronezh, 1953. (RZhBiol, No 5, Nov 54)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (11)

SO: Sum. No.521, 2 Jun 55



FEDOROV, A.V.

Changes in the fish species of the upper Don due to hydraulic constructions. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.2:44-47 [61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Rekomendovana kafedroy zoologii Voronezhskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.

(DON RIVER 4 FISHES)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4"

FEDOROV, A.V.; TITOV, I.P.

Present state and future development of pond fish culture in Voronezh Province. Trudy sov. Ikht. kom. no.14:140-041 (MIRA 15:12)

1. Voronezhskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet i Upravleniya promyshlennosti prodovol'stvennykh tovarov Voronezhskogo oblastnogo ispolnitel'nogo komiteta.

(Voronezh Province—Fish culture)

VORONOV, Nikolay Petrovich; FEDOROV, A.V., red.; SOLOMONIK, R.L., tekhn. red.

[Use of storage batteries] Ekspluatatsiia akkumuliatorov. Moskva, Voenizdat, 1964. 98 p. (MIRA 17:2)

TIKHONOV, V.V., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, dotsent; FEDOROV, A.V., inshener, kapitan 3 ranga, redaktor; SIEPTSOVA, 18.8., tekhnicheskikh nauk, dotsent; FEDOROV, A.V., inshener, kapitan 3 ranga, redaktor; SIEPTSOVA, 18.8., tekhnicheskikh nauk, dotsent; FEDOROV, A.V., inshener, kapitan 3 ranga, redaktor; SIEPTSOVA, 18.8., tekhnicheskikh nauk, dotsent;

[Electric machinery on ships.] Korabel'nye elektroprivody.

Moskva, Voenno-morskoe izd-vo Voenno-morskogo Ministerstva

SSER, 1952. 407 p.

(Electricity on ships)

BOIGAROV, Nikolay Pavlovich; FEDOROV, A.V., redaktor; KAZAKOVA, V.Ye., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[The birth of a seagoing vessel] Roshdenie morskogo sudna. Moskva, Voen. isd-vo Ministerstva obor. SSSR, 1956, 125 p. (MLRA 10:1) (Shipbuilding)

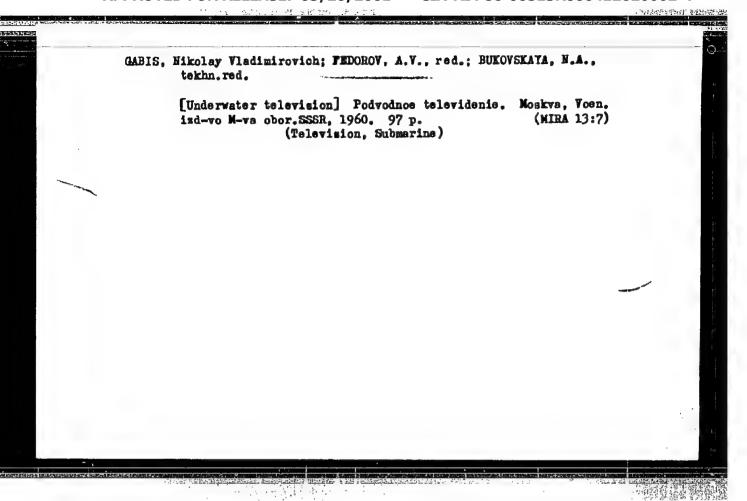
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4

SUKACHEV, Aleksandr Pavlovich; FEDOROV, A.V., kand. tekhn. nauk, dots., otv. red.; VAYNEERG, D.A., red.; MOROZ, S.M., tekhn. red.

[Theoretical principles of electrical engineering] Teoreticheskie osnovy elektrotekhniki. Khar'kov, Izd-vo Khar'kovskog univ. Pt.l. [Physical principles of electrical engineering] Fizicheskie

osnovy elektrotekhniki. 1959. 458 p. (Electric engineering)

(MIRA 15:7)



SAFONOV, Aleksandr Sergeyevich, dots., kand.tekhn.nauk; FEDOROV,
A.V., red.; SOLOMONIK, R.L., tekhn. red.

[Principles of electrical engineering] Osnovy elektrotekhniki.
Moskva, Voenizdat, 1961. 549 p. (MIRA 15:7)
(Electric engineering) (Electricity on ships)

ZIMIN, Vladimir Ivanovich; FEDOROV, A.V., red.; MEDNIKOVA, A.N., tekhn. red.

[Regulation of the speed of electric motors]Regulirovanie skorosti vrashcheniia elektrodvigatelei. Mozkva, Voenizdat, 1962.
82 p. (MIRA 15:8)

(Electric motors)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4

VILESOV, Dmitriy Vasil'yevidh; RYABININ, Igor' Alekseyevich; FEDOROV,

A.V., red.; SLEPTSOVA, Ye.N., tekhn. red.

[Self-exciting synchronous generators on ships]Sudovye samovozbuzhdaiushchiesia sinkhronnye generatory. Moskva, Voenizdat,
1962. 179 p. (MIRA 15:9)

(Electricity on ships) (Electric generators)

BENDIK, Pavel Isaakovich; LAPIDES, Anatoliy Mikhaylovich; SHIKANOV, Ye.P., red.; FEDOROV, A.V., red.

त्राप्ताः स्वेतेहारे व्यक्तिस्य त्राप्ताः वर्षे

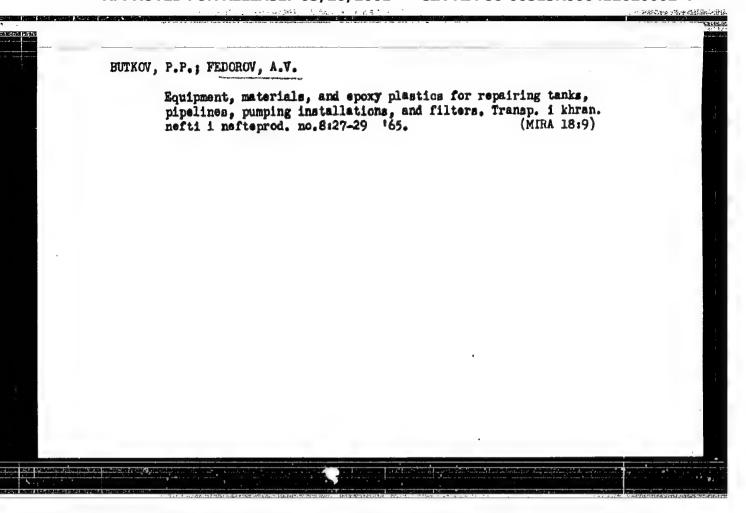
[Automatic control and measuring equipment on ships] Sudovye kontrol'no-izmeritel'nye pribory. Moskva, Voenizdat, 1964. 271 p. (MIRA 17:7)

MURU, Nikolay Petrovich, dots., kand. tekhn. nauk; FEDOROV, A.V., inzh..kapiton 2 ranga, rei.

[Ensuring the insubmersibility of the ship; general principles] Obespechenie nepotopliaemosti korablia; obshchie printsipy. Moskva, Voenizdat, 1965. 193 p. (MIRA 18:7)

VINOGRADOV, Lev Vladimirovich; FEDOROV, A.V., red.

[Power engineering of tomorrow] Energetika zavtrashnego
dnia. Moskva, Voenizdat, 1965. 76 p. (MIRA 18:9)



3.5.15cm(1)11.1

L 3002-66 EVT(4)

ACCESSION NR: AP5020032

UR/0292/65/000/008/0029/0030 621.316.72/77

AUTHOR: Rozenkrants, A. S. (Candidate of technical sciences); Fedorov, A. V. (Engineer)

TITLE: Control circuit for a reversible 2-phase induction motor with a d-c input signal

SOURCE: Elektrotekhnika, no. 8, 1965, 29-30

TOPIC TAGS: servomotor

ABSTRACT: The development of a transistorized circuit for reversible control of a small (RD-09) 2-phase servomotor is reported. The motor control winding is supplied from a transformer whose primary is fed by pulses from a push-pull P201-transistor circuit. The push-pull transistors are controlled by a pair of small or transistors to which d-c voltage signals are applied. The motor is reversed by reversing the d-c voltage polarity. Testing of laboratory model revealed a practically sinusoidal voltage on the motor control winding, a low inertia of the circuit, and a high (about 40,000) power gain. Also a possibility of eliminating the rectifier smoothing filter and using full-wave-rectified pulses in the push-pull circuit was explored. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 10 formulas.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4

L 3002-66 ACCESSION NR: AF	25020032	Andrew with white the community		<u></u>	÷ 2
ASSOCIATION: non					Ð
SUBMITTED: 00	ENCT	.: 00			
no ref sov: 003		R: 000	8	SUB CODE:	EC, IE
			·		•
-			,	•	
					-
					~~pastam.
ard 2/2 hel				•	

FEDOROV, A. Ye.

FEDOROV, A. Ye.: "Using radioactive isotopes to investigate the stability of cement stone and its structure". Moscow, 1955. Min HigherEducation USSR. Moscow Order of Lenin Chemicotechnological Inst imeni D. I. Mendeleyev. (Dissertations for the degree of Candidate of Technical Science.)

SO: Knizhnava Letopis! No. 50 10 December 1955. Moscow.

USSR Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application

I-12

Silicates, Glass, Ceramics, Binders

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 31676

Author: Yung V.N., Fedorov A. Ye.

Title : Study of the Intensity of Penetration of Sulfate

into Cement Mortars by Means of Radioactive

Isotopes

Orig Pub: Sb.:nauch. rabot po khimii i tekhnol. silikatov.

M., Promstroyizdat, 1956, 8-19

Abstract: Description of the procedure and results of the

investigation of intensity of penetration of sulfate ions by means of the method of tagged atoms. This method makes it possible to calculate, approximately, the diffusion coefficient

Card 1/2

Card 2/2

FEDOROV, A.Ye,, kand.tekhn.nauk; MIKHAL'CHUK, P.A., inzh.; GOBERIS, S.I.,

Electric heating of heat-resistant concrete. Prom. stroi. 40 [i.e. 41] no.4:38-40 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:3) (Concrete-Testing) (Electric heating)

NEKRASOV, K.D.; FEDOROV, A.Ye.; YASTRUBIESKIY, V.I.

Determining the moisture content of heat-resistant concrete.

Ogneupory 28 no.6:276-278 *63. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut betona i zhelezobetona Akademii stroitel stva i arkhitektury SSSR.

(Refractory concrete—Testing)

FEDOROV, A.Ye., kand. tekhn. nauk; RODINA, N.A., insh.; SIBILEV, A.N., insh.

Studying the effect of pitch coke on the characteristics of heat-resistant concrete. Trudy MIIT no.191:134-143 '64.

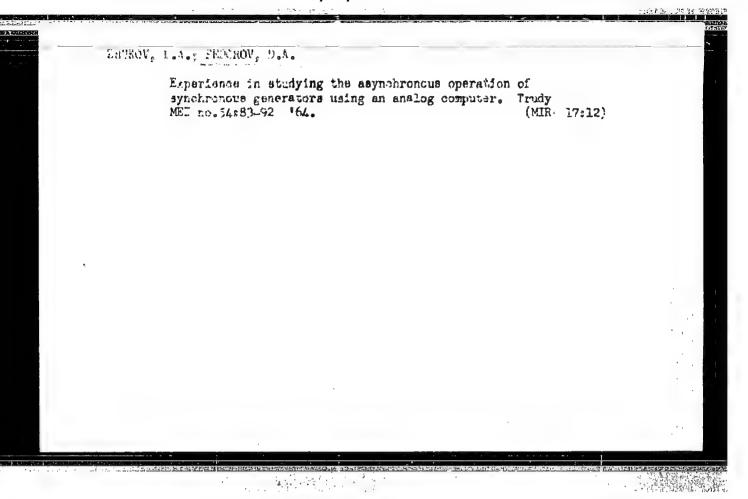
(MIRA 18:6)

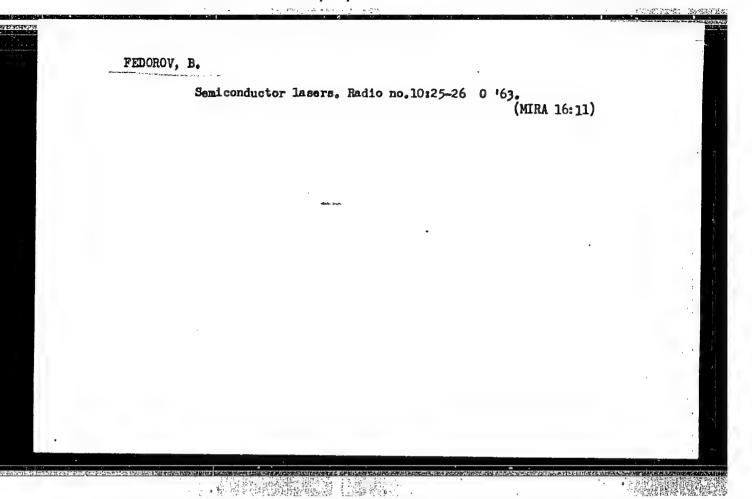
MELAMED, V.; FEDOROV, D.

Raising the coefficient of efficiency. Mias. ind. SSSR 30 no.3:46
'59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy myasokombinat.
(Dnepropetrovsk-Meat industry-Equipment and supplies)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4





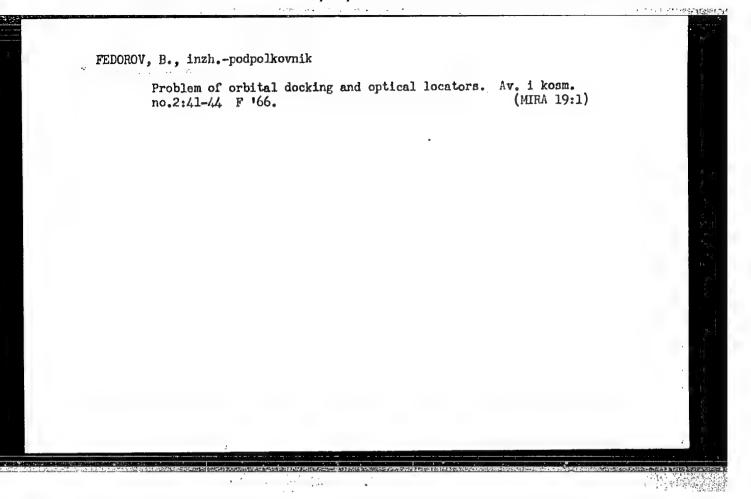
FEDÓROV, B.	-		PA 190795		•
		USSR/Radio - Operators (Cont designer who wins lst prize tition would be a master of a while one who wins lst prize or oblast) competition would of radio, etc.	Suggests following camateurs on the basi Master of Radio Comm 3d-class operators (oblasts, etc., au. same system for re	"The Need for Amateur (For Discussion)," B. ; "Radio" No 6, 1951, pp	USSR/Radio - Ope
		stors (Contd) lst prize in an master of radio s lst prize in a ltion would be a	classification is of competitude of competitude in	B.	Operators Classification
	190795	Jun 51 All-Union compe- engineering, republic (or kray lst-class master	of operators and ion results: st-, 2d-, and , republic wels. Proposes s, e.g.,	Classification Standards Fedorov	2m 51

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4

FEDOROV, B., inzh.-mayor

Iaser tracks a satellite. Av. i kosm. 48 no.9138-43 S 165.
(MIRA 18:8)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412620002-4"



FEDOROV. B.A.

Effect of local irradiation and of radiation sickness on rat testes.

Med. rad. 4 no.4:50-57 Ap '59. (MIRA 12:7)

l. Iz otdela eksperimental'noy terapii TSentral'nogo rentgeno-radiologicheskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.

(TESTES, eff. of radiations, x-rays, local irradiation & radiation sickness in rats (Rus)) (ROWNTOWN RAYS, effect on testes in rats, local irradiation & radiation sickness (Rus))

SEMENOV. L.F.; FEDOROV. B.A.

Development of radiation sickness in animals following irradiation of the facial portion of the head. Zhur.ob.biol. 20 no.4: 307-312 J1-Ag 159. (NIRA 12:11)

1. Institut eksperimental noy patologii i terapii AMN SSSR, b.Sukhumi.

(RADIATION SICKNESS) (HEAD)

FEDOROV, B. A.

"Main Tendencies in the Automation and Telemechanization of Electric Power Systems and Hydroelectric Power Plants." 7.70

in book - New Developments in the Design and Electric Equipment for Hydroelectric Power Plants, 1957. 222 p. Moscow-Leningrad, Gosernergoizdat. (Data on the Conference on Design and Operation, Moscow, 16-24 May 1956.)

POLYANIN, D.V.; ZOTOV, G.M.; GRYAZNOV, E.A.; MENZHINSKIY, Ye.A.; RUBININ, A.Ye.; CHEBOTAREVA, Ye.D.; ZAKHMATOV, M.I.; OKUNEVA, L.P.; SHMELEV, V.V.; STULOV, A.A.; POKROVSKIY, A.N.; SHIL'DKRUT, V.A.; IVANOV, A.S.; NABOROV, V.B.; FINOGENOV, V.P.; KUR'YEROV, V.G.; KHRAMTSOV, B.A.; BATYGIN, K.S.; BOGDANOV, O.S.; KROTOV, O.K.; GONCHAROV, A.N.; KRESTOV, B.D.; LYUBSKIY, M.S.; SOKOL'NIKOV, G.O.; KAMENSKIY, N.N.; YASHCHENKO, G.I.; SABEL'NIKOV, L.V.; GERCHIKOVA, I.N.; FEDOROV, B.A.; STEPANOV, G.P.; BORODAYEVSKIY, A.D.; INGATUSHCHENKO, S.K.; VARTUMYAN, E.L.; KAPELINSKIY, YU.N.. red.; MAYOROV, B.V., red.; NABOROV, V.B., red.; SOLODXIN, R.G., red.; DHOZDOV, A.G., red.; ROSHQHINA, L.; Mayorov, G., mladshiy red.; CHEPELEVA, O.; tethin. red.

[The economy of capitalist countries in 1961; economically developed countries] Ekonomika kapitalisticheskikh stran v 1961 godu; ekonomicheski razvitye strany. Pod red. IU.N. Kapelinskogo. Moskva, Sotsekgiz, 1962. 447 p. (MIRA 16:2) (Economic history)